

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS
Washington, D.C. 20231
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/540,400	03/31/2000	Michael Aleandrovich	ACH2696		
75	590 05/07/2002				
Louis A Morris Akzo Nobel Inc Intellectual Property Department 7 Livingstone Avenue Dobbs Ferry, NY 10522-3408			EXAMINER		
			PREISCH, NADINE G		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
, ,			1764	<u> </u>	
			DATE MAILED: 05/07/2002		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

$\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{W}}$								
	Ap	plication No.		Applicant(s)				
	09	9/540,400		ALEANDROVICH	ET AL.			
Offic Action Sum	mary Ex	aminer		Art Unit				
		dine Preisch		1764				
The MAILING DATE of this c mmunication appears on th c ver sheet with the correspondence address								
Peri d for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM								
THE MAILING DATE OF THIS C - Extensions of time may be available under the after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date. If the period for reply specified above is less. If NO period for reply is specified above, the. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period. Any reply received by the Office later than the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFF	OMMUNICATION. the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). than thirty (30) days, a reply with maximum statutory period will ap priod for reply will, by statute, caus tree months after the mailing date	In no event, howevent the statutory minimply and will expire SI set the application to the status of	er, may a reply be tim num of thirty (30) days X (6) MONTHS from to become ABANDONED	ely filed will be considered time the mailing date of this c (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ly. communication.			
Status	.,							
1) Responsive to communic	ation(s) filed on <u>31 Marc</u>	<u>:h 2000</u> .						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL.	2b)⊠ This a							
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposition of Claims	t di constitution							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are pendin			tian					
4a) Of the above claim(s) _		rom considera	uon.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allow								
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are rejected								
7) Claim(s) is/are obje								
8) Claim(s) are subject	t to restriction and/or ele	ection requirem	nent.					
Application Papers	d to by the Everiner							
9) The specification is objecte10) The drawing(s) filed on		or h) objecte	d to by the Exa	miner.				
Applicant may not request t								
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) □ approved b) □ disapproved by the Examiner. If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
12)☐ The oath or declaration is o	-							
Pri rity under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 an								
13)⊠ Acknowledgment is made		iority under 35	U.S.C. § 119(a	ı)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ⊠		only united	3 ***(*	, ()				
1.⊠ Certified copies of t		ave been recei	ved.					
2. Certified copies of the				on No.				
3. ☐ Copies of the certific					l Stage			
application from * See the attached detailed C	the International Burea	u (PCT Rule 1	7.2(a)).		Č			
14)⊠ Acknowledgment is made o	f a claim for domestic p	riority under 35	5 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provision	al application).			
a) ☐ The translation of the 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made o	foreign language provis	ional application	on has been rec	ceived.				
Attachment(s)								
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawii 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (F	ng Review (PTO-948)	5) 🔲		y (PTO-413) Paper N Patent Application (P				

Art Unit: 1764

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 3-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 3, applicants use the term "(poly)ethers". The parenthesis make it unclear as to whether applicants intend to claim 1) polyethers or 2) polyethers or ethers.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamaguchi et al.(5,468,709).

Art Unit: 1764

Applicants are claiming a process for reducing the sulfur content of a hydrocarbon feedstock to a value less than 200ppm. Applicants' process comprises contacting the feed with a catalyst comprising a Group VIII metal, a Group VIB metal and an organic additive on a carrier. The dependent claims define specific organic additives.

The reference of Yamaguchi et al.(5,468,709) discloses a catalyst suitable for desulfurizing a hydrocarbon feed containing at least 2.87% sulfur, such as a LGO. See column 47, lines 45-55. The catalyst comprises a group VIII metal (nickel or cobalt), a Group VIB meal (molybdenum), an additive and a support. See column 4, lines 1-15 and 45-62. The reference teaches that suitable additives include ethylene glycol or a polysaccharide. See column 4, lines 50-54 and column 6, lines 12-24. Yamaguchi et al.(5,468,709) also discloses that the catalyst can be presulfided in situ. See column 9, lines 55-65.

The reference of Yamaguchi et al.(5,468,709) succeeds in teaching the use of a catalyst for desulfurization of an oil with components corresponding to those claimed by applicants.

Several differences are noted between the reference of Yamaguchi et al.(5,468,709) and applicants' claimed invention. It is noted that the reference is silent about the feed boiling point and sulfur amount.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to treat any sulfur containing feed, including a feed with the specific boiling point and sulfur content claimed by applicants, by the process of Yamaguchi et al.(5,468,709) because it does not limit the specific types of sulfur containing oils. In the absence of unexpected results, it would appear that one of ordinary skill could treat any oil they desire to desulfurize by the

Art Unit: 1764

disclosed process. Treatment of applicants' specific oil would yield a product with a sulfur content defined in applicants claims.

In addition, it is noted that the reference is silent about a second desulfurization step as defined in applicants' claim 8. However, applicants' second desulfurization step is considered to be a repetition of the first desulfurization of the first. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to repeat the desulfurization step of Yamaguchi et al.(5,468,709) because it is within the level of ordinary skill in the art to repeat a known processing step until a desired sulfur removal level is obtained.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over (EP 0 870 817 A1) in view of Yamaguchi et al.(5,468,709).

The reference of (EP 0 870 817 A1) discloses a two stage desulfurization process for hydrcarbon feedstock with a 95% boiling point of 450°C or less. See abstract, column 1, line 4. The catalyst comprises group VI and VIII metals (e.g. nickel, cobalt, molybdenum). See page 2, lines 6-8 and 45-50. The catalyst can be employed in sulfided form (can be sulfided in situ). See page 2, lines 55-60. The process can involve two hydrogenation steps. See abstract, column 2, paragraph 2. The final product comprises less than 350 ppm sulfur.

The reference of (EP 0 870 817 A1) succeeds in disclosing a desulfurization process with steps, a feed and a group VI/VIII catalyst sulfided catalyst corresponding to those claimed by applicants.

Art Unit: 1764

A difference is noted between the process of (EP 0 870 817 A1) and applicants' claimed invention. The reference does not disclose the use of applicants' claimed additives.

The reference of Yamaguchi et al.(5,468,709) is cited for the general teaching that applicants' claimed additives are known to increase the activity of Group VIII/IV desulfurization catalysts. See abstract and column 6, lines 10-45.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the group VIII/VI catalyst of (EP 0 870 817 A1) to include the additives defined in applicants' present claims because the reference of Yamaguchi et al.(5,468,709) illustrates that such additives are known to increase the activity of group VIII/VI desulfurization catalysts. One of ordinary skill in the art desiring increased desulfurization would be motivated to include applicants' additives.

Prior Art of Record

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicants' disclosure.

The attached reference discloses a desulfurization process employing a catalyst with components similar to those claimed by applicants.

Art Unit: 1764

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nadine Preisch whose telephone number is 703-305-2667. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday from 7:30 am to 6:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Marian Knode can be reached on 703-308-4311. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9310 for regular communications and 703-872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 308-0661.

N.P. May 5, 2002

> NADINE PREISCH ART UNIT 1764

Mar Mi